



British Columbia Mining Exploration Tax Credit (2019 and later tax years)

Corporation's name	Business number	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Tax year-end</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Year</td> <td style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Month</td> <td style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Day</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> </table>	Tax year-end			Year	Month	Day			
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- Use this schedule to claim the British Columbia mining exploration tax credit (METC). This tax credit is available to a corporation that has a permanent establishment (under section 400 of the federal Income Tax Regulations) in British Columbia, and that has incurred qualified mining exploration expenses in the tax year. The corporation may also be entitled to a share of a partnership's METC. You must apply for the credit no later than 18 months after the end of the tax year for which you are claiming the credit.
- The British Columbia METC for the tax year is equal to 20% of the amount by which the total qualified mining exploration expenses incurred in the tax year **exceed** the total assistance received or receivable for these expenses.
- Qualified mining exploration expenses incurred after February 20, 2007 in prescribed areas affected by the mountain pine beetle are eligible for a METC enhanced by 10%. The prescribed mountain pine beetle affected areas are defined by the BC Mining Exploration Tax Credit Regulation.
- You are **not eligible** to claim the METC if, at any time in the tax year:
 - the corporation was exempt from tax under section 27 of the British Columbia Income Tax Act
 - all or part of the corporation's taxable income was exempt from tax under Part I of the federal Income Tax Act
 - the corporation was controlled directly or indirectly in any way by one or more persons, all or part of whose taxable income is exempt from tax under section 27 of the British Columbia Income Tax Act or under Part I of the federal Income Tax Act
 - the corporation was:
 - a prescribed labour-sponsored venture capital corporation for the purposes of section 127.4 of the federal Income Tax Act
 - a small business venture capital corporation registered under section 3 of the Small Business Venture Capital Act
 - a corporation that has registered an employee share ownership plan under section 2 of the Employee Investment Act, or is an employee venture capital corporation registered under section 8 of that act
- If you are a member of a partnership, other than a specified member under subsection 248(1) of the federal Income Tax Act, you can claim your appropriate portion of the METC for qualified mining exploration expenses incurred by the partnership. A specified member includes any limited partner. Complete and attach Form T1249, British Columbia Mining Exploration Tax Credit Partnership Schedule to calculate your proportionate share, and enter this amount on line 220 of this schedule. If your only source of the METC is from a partnership, **only** enter on line 220 the calculated amount from Form T1249.
- File a copy of this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (FOIPPA)

The personal information on this form is collected for the purpose of administering the Income Tax Act (British Columbia) under the authority of paragraph 26(a) of the FOIPPA. Questions about the collection or use of this information can be directed to the Manager, Intergovernmental Relations, PO Box 9444 Stn Prov Govt, Victoria BC V8W 9W8. (Telephone: Victoria at 250-387-3332 or toll-free at 1-877-387-3332 and ask to be re-directed).
Email: ITBTaxQuestions@gov.bc.ca

Part 1 – Exploration information

A mineral resource that qualifies for the credit is: a deposit of base or precious metal, coal, bituminous sands or oil shale, and certain other mineral deposits in which the principal mineral extracted is ammonite gemstone, calcium chloride, diamond, gypsum, halite, kaolin, sylvite, silica extracted from sandstone or quartzite, and mineral deposits certified by the Minister of Natural Resources that the principal mineral extracted therefrom is an industrial mineral contained in a non-bedded deposit.

British Columbia free miner certificate number **010** _____

List mineral(s) for which exploration has taken place:

020 _____ **040** _____

030 _____ **050** _____

For qualified mining exploration expenses reported in Part 2, identify each project, mineral title, and mining division where title is registered. If there were no mineral titles, identify the project and mining division only. Attach additional schedules if more space is required.

Project name 070	Mineral title 080	Mining division 090

Part 2 – Qualified mining exploration expenses*

Qualified mining exploration expenses are expenses that the corporation incurred after July 31, 1998. These expenses must be for goods and services that are all or substantially all provided in British Columbia and that are incurred for the purpose of determining the existence, location, extent or quality of a mineral resource in British Columbia and expenses incurred after February 28, 2015 for environmental studies or community consultations, such as those undertaken to obtain a right, licence or privilege. Expenses must be reasonable in the circumstances and not be an expense that has been claimed by another person, other than an eligible taxpayer claiming their proportionate share as a member of a partnership.

By category, enter the total qualified mining exploration expenses incurred in the tax year for mineral titles listed in Part 1.

Prospecting	100	_____
Geological, geophysical, or geochemical surveys	110	_____
Drilling by rotary, diamond, percussion, or other methods	120	_____
Trenching, digging test pits, and preliminary sampling	130	_____

Other qualified mining exploration expenses. Attach additional schedules if more space is required.

Description 135	Amount 140
Total other qualified mining exploration expenses	_____ A

Total qualified mining exploration expenses (add lines 100 to 130, and amount A) **180** _____

* Expenses that **do not** qualify for this credit include:

- an amount that is renounced under subsection 66(12.6) of the federal Income Tax Act, in respect of an expense incurred after July 30, 2001, or an amount to which subsection 66(12.66) of the federal Income Tax Act applies in that particular year
- any amount renounced and reported to an investor on Form T101, Statement of Resource Expenses or Form T5013, Statement of Partnership Income
- any expenses related to a mine that has come into production in reasonable commercial quantities, or to a potential or actual extension of such a mine
- a Canadian development expense under subsection 66.2(5) of the federal Income Tax Act, other than an expense incurred after February 28, 2015, for environmental studies or community consultations undertaken to obtain a right, licence or privilege for the purpose of determining the existence, location, extent or quality of mineral resource in British Columbia
- a Canadian exploration and development overhead expense (CEDOE), under the federal Income Tax Act and Regulations. A CEDOE includes an expense for the administration, management, or financing of the corporation, and salary, wages, or other remuneration or related benefits paid to a person employed by the corporation whose duties were not all or substantially all directed towards exploration or development activities. It also includes payments for taxes, insurance and maintenance for rental or leasing property on which there has been no substantial exploration or development activities
- an outlay or expense included in the capital cost of depreciable property
- any consideration for any share or any interest in or right to a share
- a cost of, or for the use of, seismic data referred to in paragraph 66(12.6)(b.1) of the federal Income Tax Act
- any expense incurred in drilling or completing an oil or gas well, in building a temporary access road to an oil or gas well or in preparing the site
- an outlay or expense incurred in the course of earning income if any of the income is exempt income, under subsection 248(1), or is exempt from tax under Part I, of the federal Income Tax Act

Part 3 – Determining the amount of assistance

All assistance* received in respect of qualified mining exploration expenses for the tax year	190	_____
Assistance that have been repaid in respect of qualified mining exploration expenses for the tax year	200	_____
Net assistance (line 190 minus line 200)	210	_____

* Grants, subsidies, rebates, forgivable loans, reimbursements or other inducements or assistance the corporation received, is entitled to receive, or can reasonably be expected to receive other than an amount deemed to have been paid under section 25.1 of the Income Tax Act (British Columbia).

Part 4 – Determining the mining exploration tax credit

Total qualified mining exploration expenses (line 180 in Part 2)	_____	B
Net assistance (line 210 in Part 3)	_____	C
Net qualified mining exploration expenses (amount B minus amount C)	_____	D
Amount D multiplied by the applicable rate	x 20%	= _____ E
Qualified mining exploration expenses incurred after February 20, 2007, in prescribed areas affected by the mountain pine beetle (included on line 180) minus net assistance for these expenses (included on line 210)	215	_____
Line 215 multiplied by the applicable rate	x 10%	= _____ F
METC allocated from a partnership. Enter your proportionate share from Form T1249, from line 22 of Part 5	220	_____
Mining exploration tax credit (add amounts E, F, and line 220)	_____	G

Enter this amount on line 673 in Part 2 of Schedule 5 Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations.